R.C.I. - M. E. N. & Direction Générals des écoles Méthodiste & Cours Secondaire Méthodiste & R.C.L - M. E. N.

C.E. ANGLAIS

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DATE: 06 Avril 2016

Niveau: 3e Durée: 2 H

LANGUE VIVANTE 1: ANGLAIS

Cette épreuve comporte trois (03) pages numérotées 1/3, 2/3, 3/3.

Do all the activities of this examination paper on your answer sheet.

PART ONE: READING COMPREHENSION (8 points)

Read the text below and do the activities that follow.

The life of Harriet Tubman

Harriet Tubman was a slave. She was born in southern USA, in 1820. When she was a young girl, Harriet worked as servant in her owner's house. She was a rebel who didn't like taking orders, so her owner sent her to work in the cotton fields. The work was hard, the hours were long, and to make matters worse, the slaves were often beaten and whipped.

While she worked in the field, Harriet dreamed of freedom. There was no slavery in the north of the country, but could she get there? The journey to the north was dangerous because many slaves who tried to escape were captured or killed on their way. However, Harriet decided to try by travelling secretly at night. After many weeks she reached the north and freedom.

In the north Harriet worked as a cook and dressmaker. Although she was free, she thought of her family and friends in the south who were not free. So she decided to help other slaves to escape. She helped her parents, her sister and her two brothers to get to the north. And she helped many more slaves, over 300 in all.

During the civil war, Harriet first worked as a nurse in an army hospital. Later became an army spy and helped many more hundreds of slaves to go north to freedom. The end of the war meant the end of slavery. Black people were no longer slaves, but they did not have equal rights. For the rest of her life Harriet fought for the rights of blacks. She died when she was 93 years old.

Adapted from "Go for English 4e"

COMPREHENSION CHECK

A- Vocabulary check: Match the words from the text in column A with their meanings in column B. Write your answers like in the example.

Example: 1 - f

1/3

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Column A	a- a person who is opposed to the political system in their country and tries to change it using force				
1- slave (L.1)					
2- servant (L.2)	b- a person who secretly collects and reports information				
3- rebel (L.2)	c- the state of being free				
4- whipped (L.5)	d- beaten with a whip				
5- freedom (L.6)	e- a man or a woman who works in other person's house				
6- slavery (L.6)	f- a person who is legally owned by someone else				
7- spy (L.16)	g- the system of having slaves				

- B- Comprehension questions: Read the text again and answer each of the following questions in two lines maximum.
 - 1- What did Harriet dream of while she worked in the cotton fields?
 - 2- Where did she escape to?
 - 3- What sort of work did she do in the north?
 - 4- What did she do during the civil war?
 - 5- At what age did Harriet die?

PART TWO: LANGUAGE IN USE (6 points)

<u>Task 1</u>: Complete the following newspaper article by putting the verbs in brackets either in past simple or past perfect. Write your answers like in the example.

Example: 1 - had

The right to a better life

<u>Task 2</u>: Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word from the box to complete the passage below. Write your answers like in the example.

Example: 1 - for

to - near - drives - lives - attends - for - likes

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Amadou is a taxi	driver. He's	been a drive	r1	many yea	rs now. He .	2
in a small house	3	the market.	He4	people	from place t	to place. He
sometimes takes	passengers	5	the airport.	He always	6	. his village
people's meeting	. He7	his job v	very much.			

PART THREE: WRITING (6 points)

Task 1:

As a member of your English club you have been invited by the NGO "Save the children" in *Bori-Bana* to sensitize the population about the children's rights and duties.

In a paragraph, write your speech and say why people should respect the children's rights.

Task 1:

What do you think about the situation of children's rights and duties in Côte-d'Ivoire?

- Do people respect them?
- What should the government do to fight against the work of children in plantations?